

LIL. MEETS THE PRESIDENT

The Ex-Queen Realizes Her Dream of Many Moons.

MAKES HER THIRD PROTEST

An All-Round Strange Proceeding at the White House—A Special Audience Granted the Chronic Throne Seeker—She Will Submit Her Case to Arbitration—The New Plan.

Ex-Queen Lil and her lobby are back again in Washington. What was said of another shadow of royalty applies peculiarly in this case.

The return of Liliuokalani to town is only another incident in the fabled pursuit of a phantom crown, which has exercised her life and the public for some years.

It has been one of the dreams of this unfortunate and misguided woman, from the diplomatic points of view, to have a tete-a-tete with a President of the United States, a dream which she has been pursuing for some years.

It is said that the President was embarrassed by something the ex-queen said to him, but it was the very thing she might have been expected to say, as it was not a public reception.

The story is that the ex-queen has come back to Washington at this time because she was informed that she could meet the President. It is believed that the idea originated now in the ex-queen's mind is that her own account, and that the throne should be made a matter of arbitration. Certain papers and documents were filed yesterday with the President.

In these he was informed of the numerical strength of the two native Hawaiian political societies, and of the fact that they had been recently published in The Times. These documents contain in writing the facts stated some time ago to Secretary of State Sherman by Mr. Helldike, agent of the ex-queen.

There is some idea at the ex-queen's headquarters that the matter of the Hawaiian sovereignty may be taken up at the same convention which will consider the Bering Sea controversy. It is not at all unlikely, however, that the State Department here is aware by this time that any convention composed of more than one European nation and the United States might reasonably be expected to decide annexation in any shape or form.

The ex-queen, too, had no doubt been emboldened to linger on this subject, considering that Congress was in no hurry to settle the question, and in fact gave her majesty four months more for diplomacy and appeals to the powers that be, here and on the other side of the water.

Not only, however, except it be in official circles, takes the ex-queen and her lobby seriously.

The ex-queen's visit was a rather curious affair, in fact, it was a diplomatic courtesy.

As published in the Evening Times yesterday, Capt. Julius Palmer, her secretary, and Mr. Joseph Helldike, one of her suite, called on the President during the morning, and presented him with some papers, and to be protests from certain Hawaiian societies against annexation.

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The party seated themselves, and with commendable politeness waited for the appearance of the President. At 3:30 o'clock he appeared, and the great throng present immediately formed in line and as they passed by him shook his hand, received a pleasant word, and proceeded through the room to the corridor, and thence to the grounds.

It was more than half an hour before the former Queen of the Hawaiian Islands was told by Capt. Palmer that the time for her to pay her respects had arrived. She took his arm, and at the end of the procession, shortly made her way to the President. When they reached him, the room was nearly deserted. Liliuokalani extended her hand in a most cordial manner, and it was warmly clasped by the President.

After the usual courtesies had been exchanged Liliuokalani, in a voice that trembled from suppressed emotion, told the President that she had sought the

HIS HEAD ALMOST SEVERED

George Simms Slashes Thomas Young With a Razor.

VICTIM DRIPPING WITH BLOOD

In a Fight About a Woman One Colored Man Fearfully Cuts Another—Injured Man Dying at the Hospital—His Assaultant Captured in the Garret of His Home.

A colored man whose head appeared to be nearly severed from his body, and from whose wounds the blood was running in rivulets, staggered into the Fourth precinct station last night about 9:30 o'clock.

He feebly stated that his name was Thomas Young, and that he had been cut by George Simms, colored, on Georgia avenue, between Third and Fourth streets southeast.

The affair was the outcome of a dispute between Simms and two colored women, which resulted in a fight. Simms states that the woman who has not yet been apprehended began hitting him over the head with a black jack, but investigation showed that he was beating her when Young interfered. While protecting the woman Young got very near to Simms, and the latter suddenly drew a razor from his pocket. Three vicious cuts were made, each of them doing terrible work.

One large wound in the front of Young's neck, the jugular vein being severed; another cut, which is as the base of the brain, is three or four inches long and very deep; the third cut is directly below the second, and of itself would be a serious injury.

As soon as he realized that he was injured Young started for the police station, fully twelve blocks away. He left a trail of blood behind him, and when he reached the station he was almost dead from loss of blood. In the few seconds that he was at the station the floor was dyed a crimson red from the blood of the victim. He was carried in the ambulance to Providence Hospital, which is near by. The flow of blood was soon checked, but the physicians stated that he would probably die before morning.

As soon as the report was reported Patrolmen Fittson and Cicero started to look for the man who was alleged to have done the cutting. Sergt. Mulhall and Patrolman McKee joined the party and together they went to Simms' house, No. 210 Georgia avenue southeast. Two of the floors stood on ground level, and the while Sergt. Mulhall and Patrolman Fittson went inside. The occupants denied that Simms was there and a thorough search revealed nothing.

Sergt. Mulhall has been on the force for upwards of a quarter of a century, doing duty in that precinct for eighteen years, and he remembered that he had found a man in the attic of that very house. He, therefore, in spite of the protestations of the people in the house, stuck his head through a screen that had been placed over the opening to the attic. He saw a black object in the corner, and called for a light, but the colored people would not bring him one. The object in the corner was advancing toward him, and realizing that he was dealing with a desperate man, the sergeant hastily withdrew his head, and called for the object to strike. It was well he did, because, after his capture, Simms stated that he would have killed the sergeant, and if he had had a pistol, he would never have been taken alive. A match was struck, and Simms, seeing that he could not escape, called out to the officers not to shoot, and then surrendered.

Simms was taken to the Fourth precinct station, where he was searched, but no weapons found upon him. He afterward admitted the cutting, but says that the woman was hitting him over the head with a black jack, and that when Young joined in the attack he had to defend himself. He threw the razor away on Georgia avenue before he secreted himself in the house, and he told the officers that they would find the black jack used by the woman near the same place. The police know the woman who figures in the case, but do not want to tell her name until she has been arrested.

Simms is only twenty years of age, but he has the reputation of being a bad man. The police are congratulating themselves on the fact that they got their man without any serious trouble.

Today's developments in the coal strike warrant the positive statement that West Virginia will not become a striking unit. The number of men working in the great Monongah field has been increased by at least 200, who went into the mines today. The eighty men who went out of the small piddling mines this morning are expected to return at once. They claim that they were betrayed by men at other mines, who promised to strike today.

Tonight Debs spoke to an immense audience in this city. His speech was uniformly quiet, but at times he waxed strong. He said he was an agitator and regarded the present as the time for American manhood to assert itself. He said his hopes were for success, and every day showed progress in the miners' strike.

The conference of labor leaders tomorrow will open at noon, and it is pretty certain that the efforts of those attending will be directed to organizing a union of all organized labor in behalf of the strike in the Norfolk and Western district today. The strike agitators appear to have abandoned that field.

Efforts of Organizers to Induce Them to Drop Their Picks. Pittsburgh, July 26.—A determined attempt will be made to induce the De Armit miners to join in the strike. A mass meeting has been called for Thursday at McKee's school house, on the Greensburg pike, some distance away from the property of the coal company. Eugene Debs and a number of other labor organizers are announced to deliver addresses. Sheriff Lowry, of Allegheny county, has a large force of deputies sworn in, and will send them to the company's mines at a moment's notice. The De Armit men do not seem much inclined to join the movement.

A dispatch from Canonsburg says: The majority of the miners employed at J. V. H. Cook & Sons' mine at McGovern, failed to respond to the efforts of the coal company to start the mine again this morning. In spite of the notice posted up on Saturday that the men who did not respond today should consider themselves dismissed.

Virginia Hot Springs—Only Eight Hours From Washington. A delightful summer resort and perfect sanitarium, 2,500 feet above sea level. Vestibled trains leave Washington 3:20 p. m. and 11:10 p. m. daily. Through compartment sleeper on night train. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. For information, tickets, etc., apply at Chesapeake and Ohio offices. July 25, 26, 27, 30.

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THE STRIKE LEADERS FAIL

West Virginia Diggers Refuse to Co-operate.

HOPE TURNS TO THE TRAINMEN

They Will Be Called Upon to Join Hands With Their Brothers in Distress—If They Refuse Assistance the Outlook for the Strikers Will Be Darker.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 26.—Thus far the strike program of the Mine Workers' Union of West Virginia has utterly failed. The days of toil put in by Debs, Ratchford, Mahon, and a score of labor advocates have been of no avail. Their most sanguine expectations have fallen, and now the only remedy is a call for aid to their railway organizations.

It requires no tact to foretell how the railway trainmen will act in the future. The position of Chief Arthur may be taken as a pretty conclusive indication of the attitude of the railway trainmen. They, above all others, do not want to actively participate in a losing game. The main efforts of the labor leaders, who will be assembled here tomorrow, will be to induce trainmen to give recognition to the strike cause. The result of the Debs movement in 1894 is still in their memories, and they will be slow to respond to a call that may mean the disintegration of their respective organizations.

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THE WAY IT WORKS.

charged, only about ten miners went into the pit.

RAGE OF SPANISH CUBANS

Havana Newspapers Filled With Insults to This Country.

The Report That Melton and Laborde Have Been Set at Liberty Has Aroused Them to a High Pitch of Excitement—Many Prominent Cuban Women Arrested.

Havana, via Key West, July 26.—Although the government has taken great care to prevent the publication of any news concerning the case of the Competitor prisoners, the report that Messrs. Melton and Laborde have been set at liberty has circulated largely in Havana, especially in Murala street, the well-known place of business of the most uncompromising Spanish merchants. The report has produced great excitement among those Spaniards who believe that their government is yielding to a humiliating extent to the demands of the American Administration. The Spanish press here, echoing these sentiments, is printing the grossest insinuations directed against the United States and Great Britain. It is said that a public demonstration against the Americans has been proposed in Murala street and that preparations for it are making.

The authorities are trying to calm the people. They declare that Consul General Lee is on very friendly terms with Gen. Weyler and all the authorities. Though those who are abusing the American cause are only a turbulent minority, the fact that the Diario de la Marina has sided with them is considered to have grave significance, and the situation may become very serious at any moment.

The return of Gen. Weyler to Havana has been signaled by the arrest of many Cuban women of well-known families in the capital. Similar arrests have also been made in Guanabacoa. The house on Luz street, Guanabacoa, where Senora Rosario Morales lived with her family, was invaded by the Spanish police, who searched the house and arrested Senora Morales and all the other inmates. The well-known family of Senor Macias, in Guanabacoa also, were arrested and roughly treated. This outrage is the result of Gen. Weyler's order to the police several months ago to look out very carefully for Cuban women, "because they are more dangerous to the public peace than the men themselves."

Near Gibara, Puerto Principe province, another military train has been blown up by dynamite by the insurgents, who captured a large quantity of supplies. Many Spanish soldiers were killed and wounded. The battalion of Soria has had a hard fight with the insurgents at Potrerillo, Santa Clara province. After several hours' fighting the battalion retreated with heavy losses.

At Portier, Matanzas province, the Spanish guerrilla force of Bailen has killed several pacifists, who were concentrated around that place by order of Gen. Weyler. A war of the police upon the Nankos, a particular class of Cuban outlaws, continues in Havana, but, as usual, the Spanish government accuses many Cubans of committing the crimes that are common among those offenders. Forty-two Cubans, unjustly sentenced as Nankos, have just been sent from Havana to pass the rest of their lives in the Spanish dungeons of Ceuta, on the north coast of Africa.

ADDITION TO CUBA'S NAVY. Steamer Mystic Purchased for the Insurgent Service. New London, Conn., July 26.—The little steamer Mystic has been sold to the Cubans. She will be delivered to her new owners today. The vessel is ninety-six feet long and sixteen feet beam. She draws but a few feet of water and is adapted to river work. She is quite fast.

It is intimated she will be drafted into the Cuban service. The Mystic is practically new, having been built in 1895.

Alaska. A gentleman just from Alaska will return in a few days and conduct a small party as far as Juneau. Persons desiring to go call at Room 37, Johnson Hotel, corner E and Thirtieth streets, this evening and Wednesday afternoon.

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VAIN ATTACK ON RHODES

The Transvaal Raid Report Again Occupies Parliament.

A GHOST THAT WILL NOT DOWN

Chamberlain Comes to the Defense of the Committee and Tries to Eliminate His Alleged Complicity as a Factor in His Argument—Stanhope's Motion Rejected.

London, July 26.—In the House of Commons today, the Hon. Philip J. Stanhope, Radical, moved the adoption of a resolution, notice of which was given on Monday last, deprecating the inconclusive action and report of the committee appointed by the house to examine into the Transvaal raid and the affairs of the British South Africa Company. The resolution laid particular stress upon the failure of the committee to recommend specific steps regarding Cecil Rhodes, and upon its action in not reporting to the house the refusal of Mr. Hawley, Mr. Rhodes' solicitor, to produce certain telegrams bearing upon the raid. The resolution also demanded that Mr. Hawley be summoned to the bar of the house and compelled to produce the telegrams. Mr. Labouchere, who was a member of the committee, and who submitted a minority report, defended the committee, and said that the committee in not making upon the production of the telegrams, elaborating the reasons therefor given in the report. He said he regretted that Mr. Stanhope had submitted the resolution, as it was calculated to weaken the committee's position, and cast a slur upon its conscientiousness, which were necessary to the peace of South Africa, and the vindication of the honor of Great Britain. He declared that he was not concerned to defend his personal honor. His answer to his assailants was his action at the time of the raid.

Mr. Rhodes had committed a fault that was about as big as a statesman could commit, but he had done nothing to affect his personal character as a man of honor.

Mr. Chamberlain further said that he disapproved the attempt to charge against Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Harris made by Mr. Labouchere, who had abused the privileges of the house. The government, he added, was not going to prosecute Mr. Rhodes, nor remove his name from the list of privy counselors. He had been made a privy counselor for his services, and he had done nothing since that diminished those services. The government must be guided to a considerable extent by the opinion that prevailed in South Africa, or South Africa might be lost. The colonial secretary then read a communication from Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, prime minister of Cape Colony, to the effect that Mr. Rhodes retained his former popularity, and that probably not more than half of the Dutch residents of the Cape were opposed to him.

Mr. Chamberlain then said it was not intended to abolish the British South Africa Company. Rhodes was in time have autonomy granted to it, and in the meantime such a form of control would be established as would prevent any abuse. This would probably be done before Parliament reassembled.

The situation in South Africa was new better than at any time since the raid. The bitterness provoked by the invasion of the Transvaal had largely been removed, and all that was now necessary to re-establish harmony was the avoidance of anything that would cause further irritation to the Transvaal. President Kruger's recent attitude encouraged the hope that the relations between the two governments would be thoroughly satisfactory.

Mr. Stanhope's resolution was then rejected by a vote of 304 to 77.

ROW AMONG CONSERVATIVES. Salisbury's Subterranean Attack Upon Secretary Chamberlain. London, July 26.—During a discussion of the workmen's insurance bill in the House of Lords today, Prime Minister Salisbury vehemently attacked a subsection of the measure which Colonial Secretary Chamberlain recently vigorously defended in the House of Commons. Lord Salisbury, in the course of his remarks, declared that no sane person could approve of the subsection, and he could not imagine how it got into the bill.

The Daily News ascribes Lord Salisbury's attack to personal motives and says it was a gross and intentional insult to Mr. Chamberlain. The paper adds that the weakness of the opposition makes it unnecessary to conceal the personal relations of the members of the cabinet. Within ten days Lord Salisbury has publicly repudiated and defeated the Duke of Devonshire and Mr. Chamberlain. The former is cautious and indifferent. The latter bides his time. Neither of them forgets nor forgives.

Big Dry Goods House Fails. Cleveland, Ohio, July 26.—Following the filing of chattel mortgages for \$30,000 to preferred creditors, a receiver was today asked for the G. D. Myer Dry Goods Company, on Euclid avenue, one of the largest retail dry goods houses in the city.

Crowned Heads' Narrow Escape. London, July 26.—An Adipath from Madrid says that the Queen Christina and King Alfonso had a narrow escape from death or serious injury today. They were walking through a woods at San Sebastian today when a heavy load of bird shot, fired by a hunter, passed close to their heads.

Enterprising Chicago Highwaymen. Chicago, July 26.—Three highwaymen attacked a trolley car of the West Chicago Street Railroad Company, at Colorado avenue and Central Park Boulevard, last night, and robbed the conductor and motor-man of their watches and \$15. They made their escape.

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